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General

Spring Name_____ **Springs Online ID#**_____ [1]**Spring Type** Primary_____ Secondary_____

Country_____ State_____ County_____ [2]Sensitivity_____

Land Unit_____ Land Unit Detail_____

Georef

Georef Source: *GPS / Map* Device_____ Datum_____

UTM Zone_____ Easting_____ Northing_____

Latitude_____ Longitude_____ Elev_____ *ft / m*

EPE_____ ft or m Comment_____

Description

Site Description *Seepage/ flow emerges from…*

Access Directions

Survey

Date_____ Begin Time_____ End Time_____

Project_____ Protocol: *Lev. 1 / Other* _____

Surveyors_____

_____

Weather

___ No current/ recent precip.
___ Rain during survey
___ Recent rain
___ Snow on ground
___ Snow/ hail/ sleet during survey

Survey Notes

Site Condition *(amount of water present, grazing impacts, status of infrastructure)*

Flow

Most suitable method for measuring flow?

Volumetric / Weir / Flume / Other

Images

Whose Camera Used _____

Photo#	Photo Caption

Photo#	Photo Caption

Entered in database by_____ Date_____ Checked by_____ Date_____

1 Spring Type
Anthropogenic
Cave
Exposure
Fountain
Geyser
Gushet
Hanging Garden
Helocrene
Hillslope
Hypocrene
Limnocrene
Mound-form
Rheocrene

2 Sensitivity
None - Spring Online users with Land Unit and Project permissions can see all data
Location - Users need extra permissions to see spring location
Survey - Users need extra permissions to see survey data
Both - Users need extra permissions to see spring location and survey data

3 Land Unit
BLM
DOE
NPS
Private
State
Tribal
USFS
Other

4 Georeference Source
GPS
Map
Other

5 Surface Type

BW- Backwall
C- Cave/Tunnel
CH- Channel
CS- Colluvial slope
HGC- High Grad. Cienega (>16°)
LGC- Low Grad. Cienega(<16°)
Mad- Madiculous Flow
P- Pool
PM- Pool Margin
SB- Sloping Bedrock
SZ- Spray Zone
SM- Spring Mound
TE- Terrace
Oth- Other/anthropogenic

6 Surface Subtype (optional)
BW: Wet, Dry
CH: Riffle, Run, Margin, Eph
CS: Wet, Dry
PO: Wet, Dry
SB: Wet, Dry
TE: LRZ, MRZ, URZ, HRZ
UPL,LRZMRZ,LRZURZ,
MRZURZ, HRZMRZ
All: Anthro (human influence)

7 Slope Variability
Low, Medium, High

8 Soil Moisture
0 - Dry, no soil moisture
1 – Soil mostly dry, few slightly moist patches
2 – Soil mostly slightly moist. few dry patches
3 – Soil moist, with little moisture
4 – Soil mostly moist, with few wetter patches where soil easily sticks together
5 – Soil mostly wet with soil easily sticking together, few drier patches
6 – Soil wet, soil easily sticks together
7 - Some wet patches of soil (easily sticking together) and some saturated soil patches
8 – Soil saturated, added water does not soak up, but there is little to no standing or flowing water
9 - Substantial standing or flowing water, but less than 100% of microhabitat is inundated
10 – Inundated, 100% standing or flowing water, with no emergent vegetation or rocks

9 Substrate
1- clay
2- silt
3- sand (0.1-1mm)
4- fine gravel (1-10 mm)
5- coarse gravel (1-10 cm)
6- cobble/ small boulders (10-100 cm)
7- large boulders (>1 m)
8- bedrock
Organic Soil, including peat. Not including litter.
Other/anthropogenic

10 Lifestage
Adult
Egg
Exuviae
Immature
Larvae
Mixed
Other
Pupae
Shell

11 Habitat
AQ - Aquatic
T - Terrestrial

12 Method (Invertebrates)
Spot
Benthic

13 Detection Type (Vertebrates)
Call
Observed
Sign
Reported (by others)
Other

14 Str (Vegetation Cover Codes)
NV- Nonvascular (moss, liverworts, lichen)
GC- Ground Cover (all non-aquatic herbaceous veg, including grasses and forbs)
For woody shrubs and trees:
SC- Shrub Cover (all cover in 0-4 m strata)
MC- Midcanopy (all cover in 4-10 m strata)
TC- Tall Canopy Cover (>10 m)
BC- Basal Cover (record if >1% of cover)

15 Emergence Environ/Detail
Cave (Subterranean)
Subaerial
Subglacial
Subaqueous-lentic freshwater
Subaqueous-lotic freshwater
Subaqueous-estuarine
Subaqueous-marine

16 Source Geomorphology
Contact Spring
Fracture Spring
Seepage or filtration
Tubular Spring

17 Flow Force Mechanism
Anthropogenic
Artesian
Geothermal
Gravity
Other

18/19 Parent Rock Type/Subtype
*only a selection of subtypes is listed
Igneous
andesite
basalt
dacite
gabbro
granite
peridotite
rhyolite
Metamorphic
gneiss
marble
quartzite
slate
schist
Sedimentary
conglomerate
dolomite
evaporates
limestone
mudstone
sandstone
shale
siltstone
Unconsolidated
alluvium
ash/ loess mixture
talus deposit
Combination

20 Channel Dynamics
Mixed runoff/spring dominated
Runoff dominated
Spring dominated
N/A

21 Flow Consistency
Perennial
Ephemeral (GDE Intermittent)
Unknown

22 Flow Measurement Technique
Volumetric (timed volume capture)
Current meter
Weir
Flume
Other